REPORT IMMEDIATELY

Call 4HELP immediately at (540) 231-4357 (24x7) if you suspect an incident involves:

- High Risk data (this automatically applies to all data in local or cloud systems/services)
- Incidents with potential for severe financial, reputational, legal or regulatory impact
- Critical system disruption due to security compromises, including widespread incidents
- Unauthorized password, credential, account changes or done with insider knowledge

Remember: when in doubt, report it! CALL 911 IMMEDIATELY for any threats to life or property.

NON-URGENT REPORTING

REPORT A CYBERSECURITY INCIDENT HERE Report any network

security event that might compromise:

- Confidentiality of moderate or low risk data
- Integrity of:
 - Information (including modification, deletion, and loss of access of moderate or low risk data)
 - **Devices** (malware infections, compromises, attacks and other similar incidents)
- Availability of Virginia Tech resources (including denial of service)

Information to provide to 4HELP or IT Security Office

- Who will be the security point of contact (name, email, phone #) for the unit?
- What symptoms do you observe?
- Which devices or accounts were affected, and what is their purpose? Please include IPs, host names, and domains. Identify devices or assets with high risk data.
- Is there a critical system disruption? Are the symptoms widespread?
- What risks do you believe may apply to this incident?
- Who was involved in this incident and what are their role(s) at Virginia Tech?
- Do you feel a person or system in your unit was targeted? If so, who or what was the target?
- **How** did you discover the incident?
- When did the incident occur?
- What steps have you taken since then? Please indicate who you've notified. (A timeline is helpful)
- **How** did the incident occur (if known)?

General Incident Guidelines

- Stay calm. Don't jump to conclusions, take aggressive action, or try to fix or investigate anything on your own. Resist the urge to remediate before the full incident scope is known.
- **Preserve evidence.** Don't allow systems to be modified or used. Don't change or investigate affected systems. If it's virtual system, make a clone. Copy logs to protect evidence.
- **Get guidance from ITSO and report any important updates.** ITSO will help you handle the incident through established, proven processes. The sooner ITSO knows of a change in scope, risk, or severity of the incident, the better we're able to protect the University.
- **Keep ITSO informed.** If you suspect your unit's email or phone systems have been compromised, use a cell phone to provide updates to ITSO.
- Restrict information to those that need to know. Share updates with leadership and those immediately involved with the incident, but maintain as much confidentiality as possible.
- **Document.** Write everything down while it's fresh: what was done, when it was done, and why it was done. Provide this information to ITSO.

☐ If necessary, coordinate with your unit to

☐ Work with your unit to suggest security

meetings

enhancements

schedule post-incident "lessons learned"

Stage 1: Detection and Classification – IMMEDIATELY upon Incident Discovery

Your unit should: You can expect ITSO to: ☐ Let ITSO know if you discover an incident, or work ■ Discuss incident severity with ITSO if we notify you that we've discovered an ■ Begin gathering information incident ☐ Gather information to provide to ITSO. Make sure to include the information listed on the previous page. Provide unit point of contact to ITSO Stage 2: Containment and Preservation – WITHIN 15 minutes of Incident Discovery Your unit should: Your unit should NOT: ☐ Leave device(s) intact, but **do not** use or ☐ Shut down the device(s) investigate on it/them □ Log on with elevated privileges to investigate ☐ If advised by ITSO, unplug network cable ☐ Change the network settings on the device or disable network access from a firewall ☐ Issue/run commands or software Preserve device state (for example, clone a ☐ Attempt to remotely scan the device virtual machine) □ Attempt to fix anything or remove any ■ Make a copy of log files problems before contacting the ITSO □ Document and communicate information on You can expect ITSO to: possible risks, including critical systems or Coordinate plans for containment and investigation □ Alert unit leadership of issue Stage 3: Analysis, Eradication and Recovery – DAYS following Incident Discovery Your unit should: You can expect ITSO to: □ Prioritize incident above other workloads Coordinate incident handling ☐ Continue to gather and document information ☐ Provide an incident analysis (timeline, scope, Perform a PII scan to look for notifiable data root cause and effects) ■ Work with ITSO to develop a recovery ☐ Identify other at-risk systems, accounts or plan, including security enhancements services ☐ Immediately report any new critical ☐ Regularly share updates with unit and information to ITSO ITSO leadership ■ With ITSO guidance, restore affected Partner with unit to develop remediation plan services to operation ☐ Identify follow-up action items (notifications to ☐ Confirm system(s) are working properly following affected individuals, offices, long-term security remediation enhancements etc.) Continue to monitor for ongoing threats Stage 4: Incident Closure and Follow-up - AFTER Incident is closed Your unit should: You can expect ITSO to: ☐ Continue to work on long-term security ☐ Issue an executive incident closure report

enhancements

Update internal documentation